# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Destainer

Section 1. Identifi	cation		
GHS product identifier	: Destainer		
Product code	: 477		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses adv	vised against	
Identified uses			
Laundry Additive			
Uses advised against		Reason	
For Industrial and Institutiona	I Use Only	-	
Supplier's details	: Betco Corporation 400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 www.betco.com 888-462-3826		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 ho	our	
Section 2. Hazard	s identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardo (29 CFR 1910.1200).	us by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Categor	y 1	
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye	damage.	
Precautionary statements			
Prevention		or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. ended: Chemical resistant gloves Protective clothing. ng.	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture	<b>;</b>
Other means of identification	: Not ava	ailable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
sodium hypochlorite, solution	≥10 - ≤25	7681-52-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ir	na	e	S	ti	0	n

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Moot important overstand	feete coute and delayed		
Most important symptoms/e Potential acute health effe			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symp			
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
sodium hypochlorite, solutio	n	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.			
Appropriate engineering controls		les, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, ineering controls to keep worker exposure to ommended or statutory limits.			
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or eng	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ney comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment ill be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>				
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be us	oughly after handling chemical products, before ry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.			
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessa gases or dusts. If contact is possible the assessment indicates a higher de	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.			
Skin protection					
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chen necessary. Considering the paramet during use that the gloves are still ret noted that the time to breakthrough for	es complying with an approved standard should be nical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ters specified by the glove manufacturer, check training their protective properties. It should be or any glove material may be different for different mixtures, consisting of several substances, the op accurately estimated.			
Body protection	performed and the risks involved and	e body should be selected based on the task being I should be approved by a specialist before d: Chemical resistant gloves Protective clothing			

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)	

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellowish. [Light]
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 12
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.21
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/5/2021	Date of previous issue	: 10/20/2020	Version : 2	6/13
Conditions to avoid	: No speci	fic data.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under no	rmal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous i	reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The prod	uct is stable.			
Reactivity	: No speci	fic test data related to react	ivity available for this	product or its ingredien	ts.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### **Incompatible materials** : Not available.

#### Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should products not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hypochlorite, solution	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
sodium hypochlorite, solution	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Information on the likely

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

routes of	exposure
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Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
	ts :	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Destainer

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium hypochlorite, solution	Acute EC50 0.67 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute LC50 56400 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young	30 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1791	UN1791	UN1791	UN1791	UN1791	UN1791
UN proper shipping name	Hypochlorite solution (sodium hypochlorite, solution)	Hypochlorite solution (sodium hypochlorite, solution)	Hypochlorite solution	Hypochlorite solution	Hypochlorite solution (sodium hypochlorite, solution)	Hypochlorite solution
Date of issue/Date of	revision : 2/5/2	021 Date o	f previous issue	: 10/20/2020	Version	:2 9

Destainer								
Section 14.	Transp	or	t informat	ion				
Transport { hazard class(es)	8 CORRORATE		8	8	8	8	8	
Packing group						111	111	
Environmental hazards	Yes.		Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Additional informa	<u>ition</u>				I			
TDG Classificatio	on	i ( <u> </u> : F (	n quantities less reportable quant <u>_imited quantity</u> Product classified Goods Regulation The marine pollut	than the product re ity) transportation re	portable quantity equirements. g sections of the s 8), 2.7 (Marine uired when trans	are not subjec Transportatior pollutant mark)	n of Dangerous ).	
ADR/RID : IMDG : IATA :			The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ .					
		: <u>I</u>	<ul> <li>Limited quantity Yes.</li> <li>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>IMDG Code Segregation group SGG8 - Hypochlorites</li> </ul>					
		: <u>I</u>	<ul> <li>Limited quantity Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>					
Special precaution	s for user	ι		re. Ensure that pers			tainers that are low what to do in the	
Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code		: 1	Not available.					
Section 15.	Regula	to	ry informa	ation				
		_		Exampt/Dortiol av				

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hypochlorite, solution
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
sodium hypochlorite, solution		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; HOUSEHOLD BLEACH</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Sodium hypochlorite
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.

Date of	issue/Date	of revision
Dute of		

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U		
Europe	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	1	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	1	Not determined.
Turkey	1	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification				
SKIN CORROSION - Categ SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE -	On basis of test data On basis of test data				
History				•	
Date of printing	: 2/5/2021				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/5/2021	Date of previous issue	: 10/20/2020	Version :	2 12/13

### Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/5/2021
Date of previous issue	: 10/20/2020
Version	: 2
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: Not available.

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.