# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



**TDS Rinse Aid** 

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: TDS Rinse Aid					
Product code	: 243					
Other means of identification	: Not available.					
Product type	: Liquid.					
Polovant identified uses a	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Identified uses						
Rinse Aid						
Uses advised against	Reason					
For Industrial and Institutior	al Use Only -					
Supplier's details	<ul> <li>Betco Corporation 1690 Huron Church Road, Suite 169 Windsor ON N9C0AC CA</li> <li>400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, OH 43402 US www.betco.com 888-462-3826</li> </ul>					
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) Section 2. Hazar	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour					
Classification of the	: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B					
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1					
GHS label elements						
Hazard pictograms						
Signal word	: Danger					
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.					
Precautionary statements						
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.					
Response	<ul> <li>IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.</li> </ul>					
Storage	: Store locked up.					

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
glycollic acid	10 - 20	79-14-1
Isopropyl alcohol	1 - 5	67-63-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessa	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health eff	ects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	uptoms		
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### Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur			
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains			
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
methous and materials for co	1110	
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	9	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name Exposure limits						
Isopropyl alcohol			CA Alberta Provin 15 min OEL: 984 n 8 hrs OEL: 200 pp 15 min OEL: 400 p 8 hrs OEL: 492 m CA British Columb 7/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 STEL: 400 ppm 18 CA Ontario Provin TWA: 200 ppm 8	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min om 8 hours. opm 15 minut g/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>bia Provincia</b> hours. 5 minutes. <b>icial (Canada</b>	iutes. ies. Il (Canac	la,
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Appearance Physical state

**Odor threshold** 

Color

Odor

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: Liquid.

: Alcohol-like.

: Not available.

: Blue.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b> TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Section 9. Physic	al and chemical properties

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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рН	: 2 to 3
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.0943
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
glycollic acid	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	3600 mg/m³ 1938 mg/kg	4 hours -	
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	12800 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	-	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
glycollic acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal. Routes of entry not anticipated: Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	-
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity	y estimates
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Route	ATE value
Oral	16306.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	34.78 mg/l

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	ropyl alcohol Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
glycollic acid	<0.3	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05		low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water parti	tion
coefficient (Koo	:)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	Not available.	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (glycollic acid)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (glycollic acid)	(glycollic acid)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (glycollic acid)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (glycollic acid)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8 CORRESPONDENCE	Not available.	8	8
Packing group	11	11	-	Ш	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conver	ntion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention or	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 10. Regulatory mornation				
Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)			
Not listed.				
<b>UNECE Aarhus Protoc</b>	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals			
Not listed.				
Inventory list				
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Canada	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.			
China	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Europe	: At least one component is not listed.			
Japan	<ul> <li>Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed.</li> <li>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.</li> </ul>			
Malaysia	: Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.			
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Thailand	: Not determined.			

#### Turkey : Not determined.

- **United States** : All components are listed or exempted.
- : Not determined. **Viet Nam**

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History Date of printing** : 3/10/2020 : 3/10/2020 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 9/10/2019 : 1.01 Version Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

### Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.